# **Colorado Procedure – Laboratory 5304-15**

Standard Method of Test for

# **Calibration of CDOT Nuclear Thin Layer Density Gauges**

#### 1. SCOPE

- 1.1 It is the intent of these procedures to describe the calibration of a nuclear thin layer density (TLD) gauge. These procedures will apply only to CDOT TLD gauges.
- 1.2 The CDOT Staff Materials Nuclear Lab has a calibration bay designed to eliminate external influences in the calibration process. No new TLD gauge will be placed into operation on a Colorado state project until it has been calibrated within this controlled environment.
- 1.3 All CDOT TLD gauges will be re-calibrated annually. Any TLD gauge that has undergone major repair; that is, the replacement of detection tubes or the scaler will be re-calibrated regardless of when the calibration was performed last.
- 1.4 The validity of the test results obtained by the TLD gauge in the field are only as good as the gauge itself. Daily Reference Standard Counts are an essential element in the determination of a gauge's reliability and repeatability, often providing advance information of deteriorating components.

### 2. PRE-CALIBRATION INSPECTION

- 2.1 Inspect the gauge's U.S. DOT Type "A" carrying case to ensure that all requirements such as physical integrity and labeling are met. Clean the carrying case, make any repairs, and replace either of the required two "RADIOACTIVE YELLOW II" labels or the "DOT TYPE "A" RADIOACTIVE" label if necessary.
- 2.2 Inspect the gauge's reference standard block for any contamination. Reference standard blocks are not interchangeable; therefore, ensure that it is assigned the same identification number as the gauge.
- 2.3 Inspect the TLD gauge for damage or non-compliance with required radioactive source labels. If the label on the source rod handle is in any way illegible it shall be replaced. Clean the shell and the base plate of the gauge of any asphalt contamination, being careful to direct the base away from anyone in the immediate area. The Radiation Safety Officer should remove the base plate so that proper cleaning and lubrication can be performed. Remove the sliding shield and the shield spring. Clean the old grease and dirt out of the cavity and off all of the parts. The source rod should be extended quickly, to reduce exposure to radiation, and inspected for any damage as well as to be cleaned. Lubricate the bearings and the sliding shield. Install the sliding shield and spring into the cavity and re-attach the base plate.

Remove the scaler and inspect both the scaler and the inside of the gauge body. Verify that the electronics are clean, dry, and undamaged. If all electronic connections are solid re-attach the scaler.

- 2.4 The TLD gauge should be sufficiently charged to allow for three hours of continuous operation. Do not charge the gauge unless it has indicated that it needs a charge. However, if in doubt let the batteries run down and then apply a full 14 hour charge.
- 2.5 If the Pre-Calibration Inspection has been completed and all necessary repairs have been accomplished, the calibration can begin.

### 3. APPARATUS

- 3.1 CDOT Calibration Bay located at Staff Materials Nuclear Lab.
- 3.2 Calibration blocks of: Magnesium (Mag), Magnesium/Aluminum (Mag/Alum), and Aluminum (Alum).
- 3.3 TLD gauge, Air Gap Spacer, and Reference Standard Block that have passed the pre-calibration inspection.
- 3.4 Operator must wear a personnel dosimeter, have the gauge binder with all of the required documentation, and a Weigh-Tronix Printer.

## 4. CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

- 4.1 A TROXLER TLD GAUGE PROMPTS THE OPERATOR THROUGH THE COMPLETE CALIBRATION PROCEDURE. THE STEP BY STEP INSTRUCTIONS LISTED HERE ARE BOTH DOCUMENTARY AND TO EXPEDITE THE DECISION PROCESS.
- 4.2 Key Gauge On. The gauge runs a 5 minute RAM Test.
- 4.3 Key SHIFT SPECIAL. Enter number 19.
- 4.4 EXTENDED FUNCTIONS
  Enter code 528\_
  and Press ENTER
- 4.5 6 Gauge Calib
- 4.6 -CALIBRATION-Enter Code 528\_ and Press ENTER
- 4.7 -4640B Recalib.-2 - Three Block
- 4.8 -4640B Recalib.-1 - New Recalib.
- 4.9 -4640B Calib.-Bay #? 1

4.10 -4640B Calib.-

Tech #? 1

4.11 Dens Mg blk?

0.00 PCF

Input and

**Press ENTER** 

111.50

4.12 Dens Mg/Al blk?

0.00 PCF

Input and

**Press ENTER** 

137.50

4.13 Dens Al blk?

0.00 PCF

Input and

**Press ENTER** 

168.80

4.14 Gauge on spacer,

Mg Ref, & Mg/Al.

Rod -> SAFE.

**Press START** 

**Note 1:** On the Mag/Alum block place the Mag reference block flush with the leading edge of the block. Center the spacer and place the gauge on the spacer between the guides. Handle to the rear as indicated on the spacer. Before pressing START, the gauge should have been on for 30 minutes to allow the electronics time to warm-up.

4.15 **-STAT TEST-**

Reading #1 through Reading #20

4.16 -STAT TEST-

Avg: \_\_\_\_\_ P or F (Pass or Fail)

Avg: \_\_\_\_\_ P or F

**Note 2:** This standard deviation is compared to a theoretical value. Ideally this ratio should be one; however, the gauge prescales (or divides) the counts by 8, resulting in an ideal ratio of (0.35). The acceptable limits for the ratio are from (0.25) to (0.45). The gauge is considered to be unstable if the ratio is outside these limits.

4.17 Gauge on Mg

Rod -> Measure.

Press START for

20 min. count

4.18	Gauge on Mg Rod -> Measure. Time: secs
4.19	Gauge on Mg S1: S2: Press ENTER
4.20	Gauge on Mg/Al Rod -> Measure Press START for 20 min. count
4.21	Gauge on Mg/Al Rod -> Measure Time: secs
4.22	Gauge on Mg/Al S1: S2: Press ENTER
4.23	Gauge on Al Rod -> Measure Press START for 20 min. count
4.24	Gauge on Al Rod -> Measure Time: secs 4.25 Gauge on Al S1: S2: Press ENTER
4.26	Gauge on spacer, Mg Ref, & Mg/Al. Rod -> SAFE. Press START
	Note 3: TLD gauge placement should be as specified in Subsection 4.14

#### 4.27 -DRIFT TEST-

Reading #1 through #5

4.28	Avg: Drift A:% P or F Drift B:% P or F
	View DRIFT data?
	* The Pass/Fail tolerance is 0.50 % for System 1 & 0.80 % for System 2.
4.29	Standard count Std 1: Std 2:
4.30	-WORKING- Calculations A1, B1 and C1
	A2, B2 and C2
4.31	Connect Weigh-Tronix Printer
4.32	Calib. complete. Would you like a hardcopy? YES
4.33	-DOWN LOADING- to printer.

T1	Flacture:	
1 roxler	Electronic I	Labs, Inc. 7/05/00
4040D	Cantoration	7703700
******	********	******
Gauge seria	al#: 1113	
		1
Start Time:	Tech # 12:38 PM	
End Time:	3:23 PM	
Ready		
Calibration	Block Densi	ties:
Mag -	111.50 P	CF
Mag/Alu -	137.50 P	CF
Alu -	111.50 Pe 137.50 Pe 168.80 Pe	CF
Ready		
Ready		
>>>> G	auge Count D	Oata <<<<
	st (20 1-mi	n. cnts)
Ready Count #	System 1	System 2
Count #	System 1	System 2
1	5268	1605
2	5296	1597
3	5300	1584
4	5284	1622
5	5285	1624
6	5251	1597
7	5272	1597
8	5233	1610
9	5269	1621
10	5256	1608
11	5283	1625
12	5250	1599
13	5326	1650
14	5284	1626
15	5317	1615
16	5300	1619
17	5285	1632
18	5264	1624
19	5277	1624
20	5322	1638
Avg cnt	s: 5281	1616
Datio:	0.34P	0.40P
Kano.		
Ready		

	20	Carrat					
,	20-minute System 1	System 2					
_							
Mag -	12311	2775					
Mag/Alu -	10373	1778					
Alu -	8531	1228					
Ready							
Drift test (5 4-min. cnts)							
Count # 5	System 1	System 2					
1	5291	1617					
2	5290	1614					
3	5307	1610					
4	5283	1619					
5	5294	1621					
Avg cnts:		1616					
Drift:	0.23% P	0.00%P					
Ready							
>>>> Gauge Parameters <><<< System 1							
Ready							
A1 -23.54962591							
B1 -0.00056181							
C1		905323					
A11 1.56861680							
A12 1.96563623							
A13		498418					
Prec:	0.47						
	System	2					
Ready							
A2	15.039	950386					
B2		112661					
C2		003971					
A21		626667					
A22		040558					
A23	0.003	503772					
Prec: 0.54							
Thickness	DT	Precision					
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		1.01					
1.00		1.01					
1.50		0.68					
2.00 0.56							
2.50		0.50					
3.00 3.50		0.46					
4.00		0.43 0.40					
Standard count - System 1 5293							
System 2 1616							
x							